

### SMT N P S GOVT COLLEGE (W), CHITTOOR



### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS

B.SC.,

(Revised on 2021-2022)

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

LEARNING OBJECTIVES OR COURSE OUTCOMES

**MATHEMATICS - SEMESTER - I** 

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS - 1-1-112-R20

By the end of the course during the first semester with 5 hours a week and 4 credits a semester students will able to

- Solve linear differential equations
- Convert non-exact homogeneous equations to exact differential equations by using integrating factors.
- Know the methods of finding solutions of differential equations of the first order but not of the first degree.
- Solve higher-order linear differential equations, both homogeneous and non homogeneous, with constant coefficients.
- Understand the concept and apply appropriate methods for solving differential equations.

### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS LEARNING OBJECTIVES OR COURSE OUTCOMES MATHEMATICS - SEMESTER -II

### THREE DIMENSIONAL ANALYTICAL SOLID GEOMETRY - 1-2-112-R20

After successful completion of this course, the student will be able to;

- Get the knowledge of planes.
- Basic idea of lines, sphere and cones.
- Understand the properties of planes, lines, spheres and cones.
- Express the problems geometrically and then to get the solution.

# DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS LEARNING OBJECTIVES OR COURSE OUTCOMES MATHEMATICS - SEMESTER -III MATHEMATICS ABSTRACT ALGEBRA -1-3-112

- Acquire the basic knowledge and structure of groups, subgroups and cyclic groups.
- Get the significance of the notation of a normal subgroups.
- Get the behaviour of permutations and operations on them.
- Study the homomorphism and isomorphism with applications
- Understand the ring theory concepts with the help of knowledge in group theory and to prove the theorems.
- Understand the applications of ring theory in various fields.

### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS LEARNING OBJECTIVES OR COURSE OUTCOMES MATHEMATICS - SEMESTER –IV

### MATHEMATICS REAL ANALYSIS - 1-4-112

After successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- Get clear idea about the real numbers and real valued functions.
- Obtain the skills of analyzing the concepts and applying appropriate methods for testing convergence of a sequence/ series.
- Test the continuity and differentiability and Riemann integration of a function.
- Know the geometrical interpretation of mean value theorems.

### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS LEARNING OBJECTIVES OR COURSE OUTCOMES MATHEMATICS - SEMESTER –IV

Paper VI: MATHEMATICS LINEAR ALGEBRA - 1-5-125

- Understand the concepts of vector spaces, subspaces, basis, dimension and their properties.
- Understand the concepts of linear transformations and their properties.
- Apply Cayley Hamilton theorem to problems for finding the inverse of a matrix and higher powers of matrices without using routine methods.
- Learn the properties of inner product spaces and determine orthogonally in inner product spaces.

### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS LEARNING OBJECTIVES OR COURSE OUTCOMES MATHEMATICS - SEMESTER -V

Paper V: RING THEORY 1-5-125

After successful completion of this course, the student will be able to;

- Understand the basic concepts about rings, fields, sub rings.
- Understand the properties of Homomorphism of rings.
- Apply the important concepts associated with derivatives of vector fields such as Gradient, Divergence, Curl and Scalar potential etc.
- Evaluate the Line, Surface, Volume integrals using various theorems of vector calculus.
- Verify Gauss, Green's, Stokes theorem and use the applications.

## DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS LEARNING OBJECTIVES OR COURSE OUTCOMES MATHEMATICS - SEMESTER -V

Paper VI: MATHEMATICS LINEAR ALGEBRA 1-5-126

- Understand the concepts of vector spaces, subspaces, basis, dimension and their properties.
- Understand the concepts of linear transformations and their properties.
- Apply Cayley Hamilton theorem to problems for finding the inverse of a matrix and higher powers of matrices without using routine methods.
- Learn the properties of inner product spaces and determine orthogonally in inner product spaces.

### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS LEARNING OBJECTIVES OR COURSE OUTCOMES MATHEMATICS - SEMESTER -VI

### ELECTIVE Paper 7A: LAPLACE TRANSFORMS

After successful completion of this course, the student will be able to;

- Understand the Laplace transform of elementary functions.
- Apply the rules and definition of Laplace transform for analyze the problems
- Understand the basic concepts of Laplace transform of Sine and Cosine integrals
- Understand the definitions and properties of inverse Laplace transforms
- Apply Convolution theorem and Heaviside expansion theorem to analyze the given problems

### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS LEARNING OBJECTIVES OR COURSE OUTCOMES MATHEMATICS - SEMESTER -VI

### ELECTIVE Paper 8-A-1:INTEGRAL TRANSFORMS

- Student should understand the Solving of O.D.E.
- Understanding the Application of Laplace Transforms.
- Understands How to Transforms L.T to Integral Equations.
- Understands the concept of Fourier Transforms-I
- Know the methods of F.T, Relation between F.T & L.T. Also Finite Fourier Transforms.

### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS LEARNING OBJECTIVES OR COURSE OUTCOMES MATHEMATICS - SEMESTER -VI

### ELECTIVE Paper 8-A-2: ADVANCED NUMERICAL ANALYSIS

After successful completion of this course, the student will be able to;

- Understanding the procedure of curve fitting, and non-linear curve fitting.
- And derrivatives of Newton's law of Forward and Backward Difference formula.
- Understand the complete Matrix Method.
- Understand the Quadrates on Errors, 3/8 rule 1/8 rule and Middle rule.
- Should know the Introduction of Taylor's Series, Picard's Rule, Runge-Kutta's Methods.

## DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS LEARNING OBJECTIVES OR COURSE OUTCOMES MATHEMATICS - SEMESTER -VI PROJECT WORK

- Understand the Basics of Laplace Transforms, Integral Transforms & Advanced Numerical Analysis.
- Know the Methods of First Shifting Theorem & Second Shifting Theorem.
- Application of Diffrential with constant Co-efficients.
- Real life Applications.
- Understand the concept of Convolution theorem and Heaviside's Expansion theorem.